PRISONS ACT

CHAPTER 13:01

Act
27 of 1900
Amended by
6 of 1908
17 of 1914
46 of 1917
28 of 1974
10/1983
20 of 1998
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UNOFFICIAL VERSION

UPDATED TO DECEMBER 31ST 2011
Note on Subsidiary Legislation

The Golden Grove Prison Proclamation (GN 40/1948) has been incorporated in the Act [section 3(b)].

Note on Omission

The Prison Rules made under the West Indian Prisons Act 1838 of the United Kingdom (1 & 2 Vict. c. 67) have been omitted.

These Rules are contained in Volume VIII (at page 303) of the 1950 Edition of the Revised Laws.

See—The current Edition of the Consolidated Index of Acts and Subsidiary Legislation for references to amendments to these Rules.

Note on Adaptation

Under paragraph 6 of the Second Schedule to the Law Revision Act (Ch. 3:03) the Commission amended certain references to public officers in this Chapter. The Minister’s approval of the amendments was signified by LN 120/1980, but no marginal reference is made to this Notice where any such amendment is made in the text.
CHAPTER 13:01

PRISONS ACT

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

1. Short title.
2. Interpretation.
3. Prisons of Trinidad and Tobago.
4. Minister to make Orders re convict depots.
5. District prisons.
7. Transfer of prisoners.
8. Prohibited articles.
9. Landing at Carrera without authority.
10. Aiding escape.
11. Assaulting, etc., officers of prison.
12. Interfering with prisoner.
13. Use of firearms by officers.
15. Publication of appointments.
16. Prosecution of offences.
17. Rules.
18. Validation of acts and things done.
21. Assaulting or obstructing the Inspector of Prisons.
PRISONS ACT

An Act relating to Prisons.

[16TH OCTOBER 1900]

1. This Act may be cited as the Prisons Act.

2. In this Act—
   “former Inspector” means any person who was regarded as Inspector of Prisons for Trinidad and Tobago by reason of a purported appointment as such made after 31st August 1962 but before the date of commencement of the Prisons (Amendment) Act, 1974 (that is, 2nd September 1974);
   “Inspector” means any person appointed Inspector of Prisons under section 19(1);
   “prison” includes any place mentioned in section 3, or declared or appointed under this Act;
   “prisoner” includes every inmate of any prison detained therein under sentence or conviction for any offence or under committal or remand pending trial or investigation on a charge of any offence;
   “Prison Rules” means the Prison Rules made under the West Indian Prisons Act, 1838 of the United Kingdom;
   “prohibited article” means any article declared to be a prohibited article by the Prisons Rules for the time being in force.

3. The prisons of Trinidad and Tobago shall consist of—
   (a) the Port-of-Spain Prison;
   (b) the Golden Grove Prison*;
   (c) the maximum security prison at Golden Grove;
   (d) Carrera’s Island and any other convict depot appointed by Order to be such by the Minister under section 4;

*Golden Grove, proclaimed a convict depot to be known as Golden Grove Prison. See GN 40/1948.
(e) district prisons declared by Order to be such by the Minister under section 5;
(f) labour yards and other places appointed by Order under section 6.

4. (1) The Minister may by Order appoint any place as—
   (a) a convict depot; or
   (b) a prison.

   (2) An Order made under subsection (1) to appoint any place as a prison shall be subject to affirmative resolution of Parliament.

*5. (1) The Minister may by Order declare any Police Station or part of the station or other suitable place to be a district prison.

   (2) Any person sentenced on summary conviction to imprisonment, with or without hard labour, for any term not exceeding one month may be imprisoned at the nearest district prison; but any person sentenced on summary conviction in Tobago to imprisonment, with or without hard labour, may be imprisoned in a district prison in Tobago for the full term to which he is sentenced.

6. (1) The Minister may by Order appoint such places without the precincts of any prison as he may see fit as labour yards for the employment at hard labour during working hours of prisoners sentenced to imprisonment with hard labour.

   (2) Any person who may have been sentenced to imprisonment with hard labour may lawfully be kept and worked at hard labour on any highway, road, street or public place, or in any other place beyond the precincts of any prison which the Minister may from time to time by writing under his hand authorise and appoint.

7. The Commissioner of Prisons may transfer prisoners from any prison to any other prison as in his discretion may be necessary.

*See LN 297/2004 declaring Teteron Barracks, Chaguaramas known as Crow’s Nest as a district prison.
8. Any person who brings in or carries out, or endeavours to bring in or carry out, or knowingly allows to be brought into or carried out, of any prison any prohibited article is liable on summary conviction to a fine of twenty-five thousand dollars and imprisonment for three years.

9. Any person landing, or attempting to land, on the Island of Carrera, without the authority of the Minister, Commissioner of Prisons or officer in charge, may be arrested by any prison officer and be handed over to the Police, and any such person is liable on summary conviction to a fine of two hundred dollars or to imprisonment for three months.

10. Any person aiding the escape of any prisoner from any prison, or from the custody of any person in charge of any such prisoner, is liable on summary conviction to a fine of four hundred dollars; but nothing contained in this section shall be deemed to affect the powers of the High Court on indictment for such offence under the Criminal Offences Act.

11. Any person who—
   
   (a) assaults, obstructs or resists; or
   
   (b) aids or incites any other person so to assault, obstruct or resist,

the Commissioner of Prisons or any prison officer in the execution of his duty, or any person aiding or assisting the Commissioner or prison officer in the execution of his duty, is liable on summary conviction to a fine of one thousand dollars or to imprisonment for six months.

12. Any unauthorised person holding intercourse or interfering with a prisoner while in any prison or public place is liable on summary conviction to a fine of two hundred dollars.

13. For the purpose of preventing escape or violent assault, and for the purpose of preventing or suppressing mutiny, any officer having charge of any prisoners may use firearms or any other mode of force, and shall not be responsible for the consequences of the use, if necessary for any of the purposes mentioned above.

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14. The Commissioner of Prisons or any prison officer or constable may apprehend without warrant any person committing an offence against this Act.

15. All appointments under this Act shall be published in the Gazette.

16. All offences under this Act punishable on summary conviction may be prosecuted before a Magistrate or Justice, and all penalties incurred in consequence of such offences may be imposed or recovered in the manner provided by the Summary Courts Act.

17. (1) The Minister may, subject to affirmative resolution of Parliament, make Rules for the better carrying into effect of the provisions and purposes of this Act, including rules for amending or revoking the Prison Rules, and without limiting the generality of the foregoing, may make Rules providing for—

(a) the admission and discharge of prisoners;
(b) the classification, diet, clothing, maintenance, employment, discipline, instruction and correction of prisoners;
(c) the medical examination, measuring, photographing, taking of fingerprints and other records of prisoners;
(d) the establishment, control and administration of Welfare Funds for prisoners;
(e) the payment of prisoners in accordance with earning schemes for work done while in prison;
(f) the remission of sentence to be allowed to prisoners and the manner and conditions under which the remissions are to be granted;
(g) the supply of money, food or clothing or the means of travelling, to prisoners on their discharge;
(h) the powers and duties of medical officers; the medical inspection of prisons and prisoners; and the prevention of contagious diseases in prisons;
Validation of acts and things done.

(1 & 2 Vict C. 67).

(ii) the powers and duties of visiting justices, official visitors, ministers of religion and prisoners’ aid societies;

(j) the construction, description, equipment and supervision of wards or cells for separate confinement;

(k) the classification of prisons and prisoners into categories and their separation accordingly;

(l) visits to and communications with prisoners;

(m) the introduction of a progressive stage system;

(n) the disposal of the products of prison labour;

(o) the appointment of officers responsible for the after-care and rehabilitation of prisoners;

(p) the responsibility, accounting and safe-keeping of all stores, equipment and accoutrements issued to prisons;

(q) the manner in which petitions by prisoners shall be submitted;

(r) the conducting of searches of officers, servants of the prison and visitors;

(s) the compulsory drug testing of prisoners; and

(t) generally for the effective administration of this Act, for the good management and government of prisons and the discipline and safe custody of prisoners.

(2) Rules made under this section may contain provisions for imposing on any person contravening the Rules, a fine recoverable on summary conviction of twenty-five hundred dollars.

18. (1) Notwithstanding any rule of law to the contrary, any act or thing done or purported to have been done under or by virtue of the West Indian Prisons Act, 1838 of the United Kingdom or the Prison Rules after 31st August 1962, but before the date of commencement of the Prisons (Amendment) Act, 1974 (that is, 2nd September 1974) by a former Inspector shall be deemed to have been validly and properly done; and no action or other legal proceedings of any kind whatever, whether now pending or not, shall be entertained in respect of or in consequence of any such act or thing.
(2) For the purposes of subsection (1), a certificate by the Minister of National Security that an act or thing was done or purported to have been done by a former Inspector, under or by virtue of the West Indian Prisons Act, 1838 of the United Kingdom or the Prison Rules, shall be conclusive evidence that the act or thing was so done or so purported to have been done.

19. (1) The Minister may appoint such person as he thinks fit to be Inspector of Prisons.

(2) A reference in the Prison Rules to “the Inspector” shall be construed as a reference to the Inspector referred to under subsection (1).

(3) An appointment under subsection (1) shall be for a period not exceeding two years as may be specified in the instrument of appointment but any such person may be reappointed.

(4) Notwithstanding anything in the instrument of appointment, the appointment may be terminated at anytime.

20. The Inspector when inspecting any prison which he is required by the Prison Rules or by Rules made under this Act to inspect, may exercise all or any of the following powers:

(a) examine any person holding any office or receiving any salary or emolument in the prison;

(b) call for and inspect all books and papers relating thereto;

(c) inquire into all matters relating to the prison; and

(d) examine every prisoner or other person whom he finds in the prison and thinks fit to examine, either alone or in the presence of such other person as the Inspector thinks fit.

21. A person who assaults or obstructions the Inspector in the execution of his powers or duties under this Act or the Prison Rules or Rules made under this Act is liable on summary conviction to a fine of one thousand dollars or to imprisonment for six months.